

FUND DETAILS AT 31 JANUARY 2011

Domestic AA - Prudential - Variable Equity Sector: Inception date: 1 October 1999 Fund managers: Ian Liddle, Duncan Artus, Delphine Govender, Andrew Lapping, Simon Raubenheimer (Most foreign assets are invested in Orbis funds)

Fund objective:

The Fund aims to earn a higher rate of return than similar balanced funds, without assuming any greater risk of loss.

Suitable for those investors who:

- Seek long-term wealth creation
- Have an appetite for risk similar to the average person investing in pension funds
- Typically have an investment horizon of three years plus

Price: R 55.78 R 41 281 m Minimum lump sum per investor account: R20 000 Minimum lump sum per fund: R5 000 Minimum debit order per fund: R 500* Additional lump sum per fund: R 500 No. of share holdings: 76 Income distribution: 01/01/10 - 31/12/10 (cents per unit) Total 122.85 Distributes bi-annually. To the extent that the total expenses exceed the income earned in the form of dividends and interest, the Fund will not make a distribution.

Annual management fee:

The annual management fee rate is dependent on the return of the Fund relative to its benchmark, the daily average return weighted by market value of funds in both the Domestic Asset Allocation Prudential Medium and Prudential Variable Equity categories excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund, over a rolling two-year period. The fee hurdle (above which a fee greater than the minimum fee of 0.5% is charged) is performance equal to the benchmark minus 5%. For performance equal to the benchmark a fee of 1.0% (excl. VAT) per annum is payable. The manager's sharing rate is 10% of the out- and underperformance of the benchmark over a rolling two-year period and a maximum fee of 1.5% (excl. VAT) applies. The annual management fee is calculated on the daily value of the Fund excluding any assets invested in the Orbis funds. Assets invested in the Orbis funds incur a management fee. These along with other expenses are included in the total expense ratio.

COMMENTARY

A portion of the Fund's portfolio has been invested outside South Africa since June 2004. The bulk of this foreign exposure is obtained by investing in the funds managed by Orbis, with a smaller portion attributable to the Fund's current holding in British American Tobacco. For most of this period, the performance of the Fund's foreign holdings has been disappointing when compared with the outstanding returns from the South African stock market and even rand bank deposits. This is especially true over the last two years. The strengthening of the rand has detracted significantly from the Fund's recent returns

So in light of this disappointing past performance, why has the Fund taken advantage of the higher prudential limit on foreign investments (now 25%) to increase its foreign exposure to the maximum?

Money flows into emerging markets, rising commodity prices and the strong rand may seem to have unstoppable momentum right now, but investors would do well to remember that they probably cannot last forever, and that the foreign portion of the Fund may play a valuable role in the event of these trends reversing just as it did in 2008. The disappointing relative performance of the Fund's foreign investments to date makes us more optimistic about their potential to add value to the Fund from this day on, because today they start from a lower relative price.

The JSE accounts for about 1.3% of the world's stock market capitalisation. In US dollar terms, the FTSE/JSE All Share Index has almost tripled since its lows in late 2008, and at the time of writing is close to its dollar highs of October 2007. One should not forget that after peaking in October 2007 this index lost two-thirds of its dollar value in just under a year. Of course, most stock markets around the world are up substantially from their lows, but not to the same extent as the JSE. At current prices, there must be a very strong probability that Orbis is now able to find better opportunities globally than we can find in the limited investment universe on

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ALLAN GRAY BALANCED FUND

TOP 10 SHARE HOLDINGS¹

Company	% of portfolio
Sasol	6.8
SABMiller	6.5
Remgro	3.8
British American Tobacco ²	3.6
AngloGold Ashanti	3.3
Sanlam	2.6
MTN	1.9
Harmony Gold	1.5
Nampak	1.5
Sappi	1.3

TOTAL EXILENSE RATIOTOR THE TEAR ENDED ST DECEMBER 2010					
Total expense ratio	Included in TER				
	Investment management fee ⁴ 1.48%		Trading costs	Other expenses	
	Performance component	Fee at benchmark	Trading 665t5	Outor expenses	
1.59%	0.31%	1.17%	0.09%	0.02%	

3 A Total Expense Ratio (TER) is a measure of a portfolio's assets that are relinquished as operating expenses. The total operating expenses are expressed as a percentage of the average value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of December 2010. Included in the TER is the proportion of costs that are incurred by the performance component, fee at benchmark, trading costs (including brokerage, VAT, STT, STRATE and insider trading levy) and other expenses. These are disclosed separately as percentages of the net asset value. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. The information provided is applicable to class A

4 Including VAT. The investment management fee rate for the three months ending 31 January 2011 was **0.85%**.

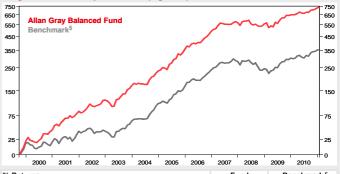
ASSET ALLOCATION AS AT 31 JANUARY 2011

	% of portfolio		
Asset class	Total	SA	Foreign
Net Equities	56.8	41.3	15.5
Hedged Equities	10.8	2.9	7.9
Property	0.2	0.2	-
Commodities (Gold)	3.3	3.3	-
Bonds	9.7	9.7	-
Money Market and Bank Deposits	19.2	17.1	2.1
Total	100.0	74.5	25.5

Note: There may be slight discrepancies in the totals due to rounding.

PERFORMANCE

Fund performance shown net of all fees and expenses. Long-term cumulative performance (log scale)



% Returns	Fund	Benchmark 5
Since inception (unannualised)	738.2	351.5
Latest 10 years (annualised)	18.6	13.6
Latest 5 years (annualised)	11.9	9.8
Latest 3 years (annualised)	9.3	7.5
Latest 1 year	11.9	13.5
Risk measures (Since inception month end prices)		
Maximum drawdown ⁶	-15.4	-20.5
Percentage positive months	69.1	66.9
Annualised monthly valatility	10.1	10.5

⁵ The daily average return weighted by market value of funds in both the Domestic Asset Allocation Prudential Medium and Prudential Variable Equity categories excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund. Source: Morningstar, performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at aximum percentage decline over any period.

*Only available to South African residents.
Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the company/scheme. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio individed by the number of units in issue. Declaration of income accruals are made bi-annually. Purchase and redemption requests must be received by the manager by 14:00 each business day and fund valuations take place at approximately 16:00 each business day. Forward pricing is therefore used. Performance figures are from Allan Gray Limited (GIPS compliant) and are for lump sum investments with income distributions reinvested. Permissible deductions may include management fees, board charges and trustee fees. Fluctuations and movements in exchange rates may also cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the manager. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Total Expense Ratio (TER): When investing, costs are only a part of an investment decision. The investment objective of the Fund should be compared with the investor's objective and then the performance of the investment and whether it represents value for mo

¹ The Top 10 share holdings at 31 December 2010. Updated quarterly.
² In December 2010, National Treasury announced, along with the increase in foreign exposure allowance, that the holding of foreign inward listed shares, such as British American Tobacco, are to form part of an institutional investor's overall foreign allowance.

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